



SAFETY DATA SHEET

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of:
Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 EPA Consolidation 30
September 2022

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Revision Number 1

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name PENETRATING OIL; 9OZ AEROSOL SPRAY

Product Code(s) 99-2010

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Lubricant, Multi-Purpose, Not for Personal Use

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

K&N Engineering, Inc.
14 Longitude Way
Corona, CA 92881
+1 951-826-4000 / 800-858-3333

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone CHEMTREC (New Zealand): 64-98010034

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Aerosols	Category 1
Gases under pressure	Liquefied Gas
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2

Label elements



Signal word
DANGER

Hazard statements

Extremely flammable aerosol
Pressurised container: May burst if heated
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
May cause cancer
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Do not pierce or burn, even after use
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISONS INFORMATION CENTRE or doctor
Do NOT induce vomiting

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up
Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place
Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	80 - 90
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	1 - 10
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1 - 10
Butyl stearate	123-95-5	1 - 5
Petrolatum	8009-03-8	0.5 - < 1
Methyl salicylate	119-36-8	0.5 - < 1
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

Section 4: First-aid measures**Description of first aid measures**

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Immediate medical attention is required.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary oedema may occur.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Skin contact	In case of contact with liquefied gas, thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water.

Ingestion	ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.
Self-protection of the first aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8). Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/or wheezing. Dizziness.
Effects of Exposure	May cause cancer. May cause adverse reproductive effects - such as birth defect, miscarriages, or infertility.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to doctors	Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.
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Section 5: Fire-fighting measures**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.
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Special protective actions for firefighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protective equipment.
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Section 6: Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Contents under pressure. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.
Other information	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapour suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapours. Dam far ahead of spill to collect run-off water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Flood with water to complete polymerisation and scrape off floor.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Section 7: Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling Use personal protective equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Contents under pressure. In case of rupture. Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e. pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, dry area away from potential sources of heat, open flames, sunlight or other chemicals. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials.

Incompatible materials None known based on information supplied.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**Control Parameters****Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	New Zealand	Australia	ACGIH TLV	United Kingdom
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	TWA: 5000 ppm; TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 30000 ppm; STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 5000 ppm; TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ ; TWA: 12500 ppm; TWA: 22500 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 5000 ppm STEL: 30000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm; TWA: 9150 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 15000 ppm; STEL: 27400 mg/m ³ ;

		STEL: 30000 ppm; STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ ;		
Butyl stearate 123-95-5	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ ; inhalable dust	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ inhalable particulate matter except stearates of toxic metals TWA: 3 mg/m ³ respirable particulate matter except stearates of toxic metals	-

Note See section 16 for terms and abbreviations.

Biological occupational exposure limits This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers
Eyewash stations
Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves. Wear cold insulating gloves.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Chemical resistant apron. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid spray aerosol
Physical state Aerosol
Colour Amber
Odour Aromatic
Odour threshold No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH		No data available
pH (as aqueous solution)		No data available
Melting point / freezing point		No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	146 °C	
Flash point	21 °C	
Flammability		No data available
Flammability Limit in Air		
Upper flammability or explosive limits		No data available
Lower flammability or explosive limits		No data available
Vapour pressure		No data available

Relative vapour density		No data available
Relative density	0.8	
Bulk density		No data available
Liquid Density		No data available
Solubility(ies)		No data available
Water solubility		No data available
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		No data available
Auto-ignition temperature		No data available
Decomposition temperature		No data available
SADT (°C)		No data available
Kinematic viscosity		No data available
Dynamic viscosity		No data available
Particle characteristics		
Particle Size		No data available
Particle Size Distribution		No data available
<u>Other information</u>		
Molecular weight	No information available	
VOC content	No information available	
Softening point	No information available	

Information with regard to physical hazard classes**Explosives**

Explosive properties No information available.

Oxidising properties No information available.

Other safety characteristics

Sensitivity to mechanical impact Yes

Section 10: Stability and reactivity**Reactivity**

Reactivity None under normal use conditions.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact Yes.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials None known based on information supplied.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

Section 11: Toxicological information**Acute toxicity****Information on likely routes of exposure****Product Information**

Inhalation	Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary oedema. Pulmonary oedema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May be harmful if inhaled.
Eye contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Contact with eyes may cause irritation.
Skin contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May be harmful in contact with skin.
Ingestion	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/or wheezing. Dizziness.

Acute toxicity**Numerical measures of toxicity**

The following ATE values have been calculated for the mixture:

ATEmix (oral)	> 5,000 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	> 2,000 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	> 5 mg/l

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	> 25 mL/kg (Rat)	> 4000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.28 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Butyl stearate	= 32 g/kg (Rat)	-	-
Petrolatum	-	= 3600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Methyl salicylate	= 887 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No information available.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for ingredients. May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity	Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin. Classification based on data available for ingredients. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Data used to identify the health effects	Refer to Section 16 for Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Component Information

Chemical name	Fish	Crustacea	Algae/aquatic plants	Toxicity to microorganisms
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	LC50: =45mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =2.2mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =2.4mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	LC50: =800mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	EC50: >100mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)	EC50: =450mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	-

Terrestrial ecotoxicity No information available.

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Chemical name	Partition coefficient	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Trophic magnification factor (TMF)
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	-	159	-
Methyl salicylate	2.55	-	-

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste. Flammable substances - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility.

They may only be burnt in certain situations.

Flammable gases, liquids and solids may only be discharged into the environment or landfill as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with any explosives, oxidising gases, liquids or solids or organic peroxides; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation. Gases under pressure - A person must not dispose of a substance in the hazard class gases under pressure that is in a gas container into or onto a landfill. Substances which are hazardous to human health or corrosive to metals – may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is no tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances.

Contaminated packaging

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if:

- the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance;
- or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Section 14: Transport information

IATA

UN number or ID number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Special precautions for user	Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information
Special Provisions	A145, A167, A802
ERG Code	10L
Description	UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1

IMDG

UN number or ID number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Special Provisions	63,190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959 F-D S-U
Description	UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	
No information available	

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard To be determined

National regulations There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information
Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information
Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

Section 16: Other information

Issuing Date 30-Jan-2026

Revision date 30-Jan-2026

Revision Note Initial Release.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

List may include phrases which are not applicable to this product

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADN	Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (Europe)
ADR	Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (Europe)
AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
ASTM	American Society for the Testing of Materials
bar	Biological Reference Values for Chemical Compounds in the Work Area
BAT	Biological tolerance values for occupational exposure
BEL	Biological exposure limits
bw	Body weight
Ceiling	Maximum limit value
CMR	Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
DOT	Department of Transportation (United States)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (Canada)

EmS	Emergency Schedule
ENCS	Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organisation
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO	International Maritime Organization
ISO	International Organisation for Standardisation
KECI	Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory
LC50	Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
LD50	Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
n.o.s.	Not Otherwise Specified
NOAEC	No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOELR	No Observable Effect Loading Rate
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
OEL	Occupational exposure limits
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
PICCS	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
PMT	Persistent, Mobile and Toxic
PPE	Personal protective equipment
QSAR	Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship
RID	Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (Europe)
SADT	Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SAR	Structure-activity relationship
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
SL	Surface Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TDG	Transport of Dangerous Goods (Canada)
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)
TWA	Time-Weighted Average
UN	United Nations
VOC	Volatile organic compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
vPvM	Very Persistent and Very Mobile
As	Allergenic substance
DS	Dermal Sensitiser
Ot	Ototoxicant
pOt	Ototoxicant - potential to cause hearing disorders
PS	Photosensitiser
RS	Respiratory Sensitiser
S	Sensitiser
poS	Sensitiser - capable of causing occupational asthma
Sa	Simple asphyxiant
Sd	Skin designation
pSd	Skin designation - potential for cutaneous absorption

Sdv	Skin designation - vacated
Sk	Skin notation
dSk	Skin notation - danger of cutaneous absorption
pSk	Skin notation - potential for cutaneous absorption

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

U.S. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database
European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals
Food Research Journal
Hazardous Substance Database
International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
Japan GHS Classification
Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)
National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)
New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) High Production Volume Chemicals Program
International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Screening Information Data Set
United Nations World Health Organization (WHO)

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet